Israel List of Wars

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**State of Israel**



Since its [establishment](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Declaration_of_Independence_(Israel)) in 1948, the [State of Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/State_of_Israel) has fought eight recognized wars, two Palestinian [intifadas](https://en.wiktionary.org/wiki/intifada), and [a series of armed conflicts](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Military_operations_conducted_by_the_Israel_Defense_Forces) in the broader [Arab–Israeli conflict](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arab%E2%80%93Israeli_conflict).

Wars and other conflicts

Israel has been involved in a number of wars and large-scale military operations, including:

* [**Israeli war of independence**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israeli_war_of_independence) (November 1947 – July 1949) – Started as [6 months of civil war](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1947-1948_Civil_War_in_Mandatory_Palestine) between Jewish and Arab militias at the end of the [British Mandate of Palestine](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/British_Mandate_of_Palestine) and turned into a [regular war](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1948_Arab-Israeli_War) after the declaration of independence of Israel and the intervention of several Arab armies. In its conclusion, a set of agreements were signed between [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel), [Egypt](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Egypt), [Jordan](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jordan), [Lebanon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lebanon), and [Syria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Syria), called the [1949 Armistice Agreements](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1949_Armistice_Agreements), which established the [armistice](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Armistice) lines between Israel and its neighbors, also known as the [*Green Line*](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Green_Line_(Israel)).
* [**Reprisal operations**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reprisal_operations) (1950s–1960s) – [Military operations](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Military_operation) carried out by the [Israel Defense Forces](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel_Defense_Forces) during the 1950s and 1960s. These actions were in response to constant [fedayeen](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Palestinian_fedayeen) incursions during which Arab guerillas infiltrated from [Syria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Syria), [Egypt](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Egypt), and [Jordan](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jordan) into Israel to carry out [attacks](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_attacks_against_Israeli_civilians_before_1967) against [Israeli civilians and soldiers](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israelis). The policy of the reprisal operations was exceptional due to Israel's declared aim of getting a high 'blood cost' among the enemy side which was believed to be necessary in order to deter them from committing future attacks.
* [**Suez Crisis**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Suez_Crisis) (October 1956) – A military attack on Egypt by [Britain](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_Kingdom), [France](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/France), and [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel), beginning on 29 October 1956, with the intention to occupy the [Sinai Peninsula](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sinai_Peninsula) and to take over the [Suez Canal](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Suez_Canal). The attack followed Egypt's decision of 26 July 1956 to nationalize the [Suez Canal](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Suez_Canal) after the withdrawal of an offer by Britain and the United States to fund the building of the [Aswan Dam](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Aswan_Dam). Although the Israeli invasion of the Sinai was successful, the [US](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_States) and [USSR](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Soviet_Union) forced it to retreat. Even so, Israel managed to re-open the [Straits of Tiran](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Straits_of_Tiran) and pacified its southern border.
* [**Six-Day War**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Six-Day_War) (June 1967) – Fought between [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel) and [Arab](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arab) neighbors [Egypt](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Egypt), [Jordan](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jordan), and [Syria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Syria). The nations of [Iraq](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Iraq), [Saudi Arabia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Saudi_Arabia), [Kuwait](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kuwait), [Algeria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Algeria), and others also contributed troops and arms to the Arab forces. Following the war, the territory held by Israel expanded significantly ("[The Purple Line](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Purple_Line_(border))") : The [West Bank](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/West_Bank) (including [East Jerusalem](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/East_Jerusalem)) from Jordan, [Golan Heights](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Golan_Heights) from Syria, [Sinai](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sinai) and [Gaza](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gaza_Strip) from Egypt.
* [**War of Attrition**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/War_of_Attrition) (1967–1970) – A [limited war](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Limited_war) fought between the [Israeli](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel) military and forces of the [Egyptian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Egypt) Republic, the [USSR](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/USSR), [Jordan](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jordan), [Syria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Syria), and the [Palestine Liberation Organization](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Palestine_Liberation_Organization) from 1967 to 1970. It was initiated by the Egyptians as a way of recapturing the [Sinai](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sinai_Peninsula) from the Israelis, who had been in control of the territory since the mid-1967 Six-Day War. The hostilities ended with a ceasefire signed between the countries in 1970 with frontiers remaining in the same place as when the war began.
* [**Yom Kippur War**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Yom_Kippur_War) (October 1973) – Fought from October 6 to October 26, 1973 by a coalition of Arab states led by [Egypt](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Egypt) and [Syria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Syria) against [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel) as a way of recapturing part of the territories which they lost to the Israelis back in the Six-Day War. The war began with a surprise joint attack by Egypt and Syria on the Jewish holiday of [Yom Kippur](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Yom_Kippur). Egypt and Syria crossed the cease-fire lines in the [Sinai](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sinai_Peninsula) and [Golan Heights](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Golan_Heights), respectively. Eventually Arab forces were defeated by Israel and there were no significant territorial changes.
* [**Palestinian insurgency in South Lebanon**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Palestinian_insurgency_in_South_Lebanon) (1971–1982) – PLO relocate to South Lebanon from Jordan and stage attacks on the Galilee and as a base for international operations. In 1978, Israel launches Operation – the first Israeli large-scale invasion of Lebanon, which was carried out by the Israel Defense Forces in order to expel [PLO](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Palestine_Liberation_Organization) forces from the territory. Continuing ground and rocket attacks, and Israeli retaliations, eventually escalate into the 1982 War.
  + [**1982 Lebanon War**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1982_Lebanon_War) (1982) – Began on 6 June 1982, when the [Israel Defense Forces](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel_Defense_Forces) invaded [southern Lebanon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Southern_Lebanon) to expel the PLO from the territory. The [Government of Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cabinet_of_Israel) ordered the invasion as a response to the assassination attempt against Israel's ambassador to the [United Kingdom](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_Kingdom), [Shlomo Argov](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shlomo_Argov), by the [Abu Nidal Organization](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Abu_Nidal_Organization) and due to the constant terror attacks on northern Israel made by the Palestinian guerilla organizations which resided in Lebanon. The war resulted in the expulsion of the PLO from Lebanon and created an [Israeli Security Zone](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israeli_occupation_of_southern_Lebanon) in southern Lebanon.
* [**South Lebanon conflict**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/South_Lebanon_conflict_(1985%E2%80%932000)) (1985–2000) – Nearly 15 years of warfare between the [Israel Defense Forces](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel_Defense_Forces) and its Lebanese Christian [proxy](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Proxy_war) [militias](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Militia) against Lebanese Muslim [guerrilla](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Guerrilla), led by Iranian-backed Hezbollah, within what was defined by Israelis as the ["Security Zone" in South Lebanon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/South_Lebanon_security_belt).
* [**First Intifada**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/First_Intifada) (1987–1993) – First large-scale [Palestinian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Palestinian_people) [uprising](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Terrorism) against [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel) in the [West Bank](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/West_Bank) and the [Gaza Strip](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gaza_Strip).
* [**Second Intifada**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Second_Intifada) (2000–2005) – Second [Palestinian](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Palestinian_people) uprising, a period of intensified violence, which began in late September 2000.
* [**2006 Lebanon War**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2006_Lebanon_War) (summer 2006) – Began as a military operation in response to the abduction of two Israeli reserve soldiers by the [Hezbollah](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hezbollah). The operation gradually strengthened, to become a wider confrontation. The principal participants were Hezbollah paramilitary forces and the [Israeli military](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel_Defense_Forces). The conflict started on 12 July 2006 and continued until a [United Nations](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_Nations)-brokered [ceasefire](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ceasefire) went into effect on 14 August 2006, though it formally ended on 8 September 2006, when Israel lifted its naval [blockade](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Blockade) of Lebanon. The war resulted in the pacification of southern Lebanon and in the weakness of the Hezbollah (which suffered serious casualties but managed to survive the Israeli onslaught).
* [**Gaza War**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gaza_War_(2008%E2%80%9309)) (December 2008 – January 2009) – Three-week armed conflict between [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel) and [Hamas](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hamas) during the winter of 2008–2009. In an escalation of the ongoing [Israeli–Palestinian conflict](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israeli%E2%80%93Palestinian_conflict), Israel responded to ongoing rocket fire from the Gaza Strip with military force in an action titled "Operation Cast Lead". Israel opened the attack with a surprise air strike on December 27, 2008. Israel's stated aim was to stop such rocket fire from and the import of arms into Gaza. Israeli forces attacked military and civilian targets, police stations, and government buildings in the opening assault. Israel declared an end to the conflict on January 18 and completed its withdrawal on January 21, 2009.
* [**Operation Pillar of Defense**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Operation_Pillar_of_Defense) (November 2012) – Military offensive on the Gaza Strip.
* [**Operation Protective Edge**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Operation_Protective_Edge) (July–August 2014) – Military offensive on the Gaza Strip as a response to the collapse of American-sponsored peace talks, attempts by rival Palestinian factions to form a coalition government, the [kidnapping and murder of three Israeli teenagers](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2014_kidnapping_and_murder_of_Israeli_teenagers), the subsequent [kidnapping and murder of a Palestinian teenager](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kidnapping_and_murder_of_Mohammed_Abu_Khdeir), and increased rocket attacks on Israel by [Hamas](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hamas) militants.

Table

Conflicts considered as wars by the [Israeli Ministry of Defense](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ministry_of_Defense_(Israel)) (as they were named by Israel) are marked in **bold**.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Conflict** | **Combatant 1** | **Combatant 2** | **Results** | **Israeli commanders** | | | **Israeli losses** | |
| [**Israeli Prime Minister**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Prime_Minister_of_Israel) | [**Defense Minister of Israel**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Defense_Minister_of_Israel) | [**Chief of Staff of the IDF**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/General_Staff_(Israel)) | **IDF forces** | **Civilians** |
| [**War of Independence**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1948_Palestine_war) (1947–1949) | [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel) | [Egypt](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kingdom_of_Egypt)  [Iraq](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kingdom_of_Iraq)  [Transjordan](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jordan)  [Syria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Syrian_Republic_(1930%E2%80%931958))  [Lebanon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lebanon)  [Saudi Arabia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Saudi_Arabia)  [Yemen](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mutawakkilite_Kingdom_of_Yemen)  [Holy War Army](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Holy_War_Army)  [ALA](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Arab_Liberation_Army) | **Victory**   * Arab League invasion of former Mandatory repelled. * [Armistice Agreements](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1949_Armistice_Agreements); Israel captured 50% of area allotted to Arab state. | [David Ben-Gurion](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/David_Ben-Gurion) | | [Yaakov Dori](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Yaakov_Dori) | ~4,000 | ~2,400 |
| [**Sinai War**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Suez_Crisis) (1956) | [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel)  [United Kingdom](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_Kingdom)  [France](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/French_Fourth_Republic) | [Egypt](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Republic_of_Egypt_(1953%E2%80%931958)) | **Victory**   * Sinai demilitarized, [UNEF](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_Nations_Emergency_Force) deployed. | [Moshe Dayan](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Moshe_Dayan) | 231 | *None* |
| [**Six-Day War**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Six-Day_War) (1967) | [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel) | [Egypt](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Egypt)  [Syria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Syria)  [Jordan](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jordan)  [Iraq](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Iraq_(1958%E2%80%931968)) | **Victory**   * Israel captured the Strip, Sinai, the [West Bank](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/West_Bank), and the Golan. | [Levi Eshkol](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Levi_Eshkol) | [Moshe Dayan](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Moshe_Dayan) | [Yitzhak Rabin](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Yitzhak_Rabin) | 776 | 20 |
| [**War of Attrition**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/War_of_Attrition) (1967–1970) | [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel) | [Egypt](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Egypt)  [Soviet Union](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Soviet_Union)  [PLO](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Palestine_Liberation_Organization)  [Jordan](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jordan) | **Both sides claimed victory**   * Continued Israeli occupation of Sinai. * [Black September in Jordan](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Black_September_in_Jordan) | [Golda Meir](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Golda_Meir) | [Haim Bar-Lev](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Haim_Bar-Lev) | 1,424 | 227 |
| [**Yom Kippur War**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Yom_Kippur_War) (1973) | [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel) | [Egypt](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Egypt)  [Syria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Syria)  [Iraq](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ba%27athist_Iraq)  [Jordan](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jordan)  [Algeria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Algeria)  [Morocco](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Morocco)  [Saudi Arabia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Saudi_Arabia)  [Cuba](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cuba) | **Victory**   * Arab invasion repelled, Ceasefire. * [Egypt–Israel Peace Treaty](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Egypt%E2%80%93Israel_Peace_Treaty) * [Agreement on Disengagement](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Agreement_on_Disengagement_between_Israel_and_Syria) | [David Elazar](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/David_Elazar) | 2,688 | *None* |
| [Operation Litani](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1978_South_Lebanon_conflict) (1978) | [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel)  [FLA](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Free_Lebanon_Army) | [PLO](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Palestine_Liberation_Organization) | **Victory**   * PLO retreat from South Lebanon. | [Menachem Begin](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Menachem_Begin) | [Ezer Weizman](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ezer_Weizman) | [Mordechai Gur](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mordechai_Gur) | 18 | *None* |
| [**First Lebanon War**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/1982_Lebanon_War) (1982–1985) | [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel)  [SLA](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/South_Lebanon_Army)  [Lebanese Front](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lebanese_Front) | [PLO](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Palestine_Liberation_Organization)  [Syria](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Syria)  [Jammoul](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lebanese_National_Resistance_Front)  [Amal](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Amal_Movement) | **Tactical victories, strategic failure**   * PLO expulsion from Lebanon. | [Ariel Sharon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ariel_Sharon) | [Rafael Eitan](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Rafael_Eitan) | 657 | 2–3 |
| [Security Zone conflict](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/South_Lebanon_conflict_(1985%E2%80%932000)) (1985–2000) | [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel)  [SLA](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/South_Lebanon_Army) | [Hezbollah](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hezbollah)  [Amal](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Amal_Movement)  [Jammoul](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lebanese_National_Resistance_Front) | **Defeat**   * Israeli withdrawal from Lebanon. | [Shimon Peres](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shimon_Peres) | [Yitzhak Rabin](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Yitzhak_Rabin) | [Moshe Levi](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Moshe_Levi) | 559 | 7 |
| [First Intifada](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/First_Intifada) (1987–1993) | [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel) | [UNLU](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unified_National_Leadership_of_the_Uprising)  [Hamas](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hamas) | [**Oslo I Accord**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Oslo_I_Accord)   * [Palestinian Authority](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Palestinian_National_Authority) established. | [Yitzhak Shamir](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Yitzhak_Shamir) | [Dan Shomron](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dan_Shomron) | 60 | 100 |
| [Second Intifada](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Second_Intifada) (2000–2005) | [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel) | [PA](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Palestinian_National_Authority)  [Hamas](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hamas) | **Victory**   * Palestinian uprising suppressed. | [Ariel Sharon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ariel_Sharon) | [Shaul Mofaz](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shaul_Mofaz) | [Moshe Ya'alon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Moshe_Ya%27alon) | 301 | 773 |
| [**Second Lebanon War**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Second_Lebanon_War) (2006) | [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel) | [Hezbollah](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hezbollah) | **Stalemate**   * [Ceasefire](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ceasefire) through [UNSCR 1701](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_Nations_Security_Council_Resolution_1701) | [Ehud Olmert](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ehud_Olmert) | [Amir Peretz](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Amir_Peretz) | [Dan Halutz](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Dan_Halutz) | 121 | 44 |
| [Operation Cast Lead](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gaza_War_(2008%E2%80%9309)) (2008–2009) | [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel) | [Hamas](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hamas) | **Victory**   * [Rocket fire](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_Palestinian_rocket_attacks_on_Israel,_2009) from Gaza reduced. | [Ehud Barak](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ehud_Barak) | [Gabi Ashkenazi](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gabi_Ashkenazi) | 10 | 3 |
| [Operation Pillar of Defense](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Operation_Pillar_of_Defense) (2012) | [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel) | [Hamas](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hamas) | **Victory**   * Cessation of rocket fire into Israel. | [Benjamin Netanyahu](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Benjamin_Netanyahu) | [Benny Gantz](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Benny_Gantz) | 2 | 4 |
| [**Operation Protective Edge**](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/2014_Israel%E2%80%93Gaza_conflict) (2014) | [Israel](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Israel) | [Hamas](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hamas) | **Both sides claim victory**   * Destruction of Hamas [war tunnels](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Palestinian_tunnel_warfare_in_the_Gaza_Strip). | [Moshe Ya'alon](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Moshe_Ya%27alon) | 67 | 6 |

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